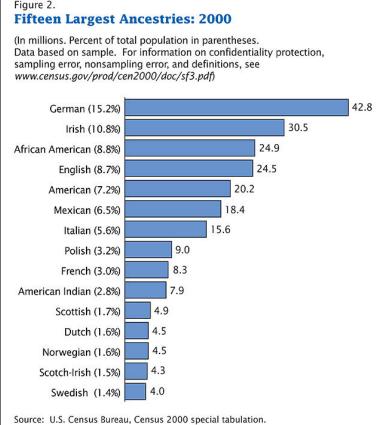
	IT MUST BE PRINTED AND COMPLETED IN INK! Use Period: Due Date://	
Guided Reading & Analysis: A New World Chapter 1- A New World of Many Cultures, 1491-160	07, pp 1-13	
Purpose: This guide is not only a place to record notes as you read, but also to provide a placeflections and analysis using your noggin (thinking skills) with new knowledge gareading. This guide, if completed in its entirety BOP (Beginning of Period) by used on the first quiz as well as earn up to 10 bonus points. The benefits of such go far beyond quiz help and bonus points. Mastery of the course and AP exachoose to process the information as they read/receive. This is an optional as So young Jedi what is your choice? Do? Or do not? There is no (Image Source: AdventureTales.com)	the due date, can be activities, however, im await all who issignment.	
Directions: 1. Pre-Read: 2. Skim: Flip through the chapter and note titles and subtitles. Look at images and read captions. Get a feel for the content you are about to read. 3. Read/Analyze: Read the chapter. If you have your own copy of AMSCO, Highlight key events and people as you read. Remember, the goal is not to "fish" for a specific answer(s) to reading guide questions, but to consider questions in order to critically understand what you read! 4. Write Write your notes and analysis in the spaces provided OR complete digitally on Canvas. If you are completing paper copy, complete it in INK!		
<u>Key Concepts FOR PERIOD 1:</u> NOTE: College Board released revisions to the APUSH framework July of 20 version of the framework. This guide includes the 2015 revisions to the key simply sought to clarify and simplify the expectations.	115. The key concepts and objectives addressed in your texts reflect the 2014 concepts. In general, the expectations are not that different. College Board	
Key Concept 1.1: As native populations migrated and settled across the vast expanse of North America over time, they developed distinct and increasingly complex societies by adapting to and transforming their diverse environments.		
Key Concept 1.2: Contact among Europeans , Native Americans significant social, cultural, and political changes on both sides of the		
SECTION 1 - Period Perspectives, p.1 Consider the data in the chart at right as well as page 1 of	Figure 2. Fifteen Largest Ancestries: 2000	

the text when completing this section.

what is now the United States was nearly 10 million before 1492, why is the United States population in modern times only 2 to 3% American Indian? Period 1 ends with the establishment of Jamestown, the first permanent British settlement in North America. Explain why 1607 is a major turning point in United States history.

Period 1 begins with 1491. If the American Indian population in



SECTION 2 Guided Reading, pp 2-13

As you read the chapter, jot down your notes in the middle column. Consider your notes to be elaborations on the Objectives and Main Ideas presented in the left column. When you finish reading the section and taking notes, process and analyze what you read by answering the question in the right hand column. You do not need to write in complete sentences.

3. Cultures pp 2-5

Key Concepts &		
Main Ideas	Notes	Analysis
Before the arrival of Europeans, native populations in North	Cultures of Central and South America	In what ways did native peoples transform North American environment before European colonization? (list)
America developed a wide variety of social, political, and economic structures based in part on interactions with the	Cultures of North America	a. b. c.
environment and each other.		d.
As settlers migrated and settled across the vast	Language	Identify one key similarity and one key difference
expanse of North America over time, they developed quite different and	Southwest Settlements	between societies that developed in Central and South America to those that developed in North America.
increasingly complex societies by adapting to	Northwest Settlements	Similarity:
and transforming their diverse environments.	Great Plains	Difference:
	Midwest Settlements	Explain the significance of the <i>difference</i> between Central /South America and North America.
	Northeast Settlements	
	Atlantic Seaboard Settlements	

4. Europe Moves Toward Exploration, pp 5-6

Key Concepts & Main Ideas	Notes	Analysis
New technology, new knowledge, and new goals spurred European exploration.	Improvements in technology	Identify the <i>key difference</i> between Viking voyages of the 12 th century to that of Columbus in the 15 th century.
	Religious conflict	How did new technology enable Christopher Columbus to dominate the "New World?"
		What was the <i>impact</i> of the Catholic victory in Spain and the European Reformation on North America?

5. Expanding Trade, pp 6-7

Key Concepts & Main Ideas	Notes	Analysis
Economic motives	New Routes	List <i>three main effects</i> of Europe's expanding trade in the 15 th century.
drove exploration, and "discovery" altered the	Slave Trading	a. b.
European, African, and America economically,	African Resistance	c.
politically, and culturally.	Developing Nation-States	Which effect was most significant? Explain your answer.

6. **Early Explorations**, pp 7-10

Key Concepts &	Notes	Ancheio
Main Ideas	Notes	Analysis
European overseas expansion resulted in the Columbian Exchange, a series of interactions and adaptations among	Christopher Columbus	How did European expansion impact European society?
societies across the Atlantic.	Columbus's Legacy	
The arrival of Europeans in the Western Hemisphere in the 15th and 16th	Exchanges	How did European expansion impact Native American society?
centuries triggered extensive demographic and	Dividing the Americas	
social changes on both sides of the Atlantic.	Spanish Exploration and Conquest	
European expansion into the Western Hemisphere caused intense	English Claims	Which of these consequences were the most significant? Explain your answer.
social/religious, political, and economic competition in Europe and the promotion of empire	French Claims	
building.	Dutch Claims	

7. Spanish Settlements in North America, pp 10-11

Key Concepts &		
Main Ideas	Notes	Analysis
		What were three chief features of the Spanish empire in America?
European expansion into the Western Hemisphere caused	Florida	a.
intense		b.
social/religious, political, and economic	New Mexico	c.
competition in		Identify one cause and one effect of Spanish settlement in North
Europe and the		America.
promotion of empire	Texas	
building.		Cause:
	California	Effect:

8. European Treatment of Native Americans, pp 11-12

Key Concepts & Main Ideas	Notes	Analysis
Contacts among American Indians, Africans, and Europeans challenged the worldviews of each group. European overseas expansion and sustained contacts with Africans and American Indians dramatically altered European views of social, political, and economic relationships	Spanish Policy English Policy	Identify three major consequences of European contact with American Indians? a. b. c. Which of these were the most significant? Explain your answer.
among and between white and nonwhite peoples	French Policy	In what ways was English policy toward Native Americans different from those of France and Spain? Different from France in that Different from Spain in that
	Native American Reaction	How effective were Native Americans in overcoming the negative aspects of European policies?

9. Historical Perspectives: Was Columbus a Great Hero? p.13

Key Concepts &		
Main Ideas	Notes	Analysis
European overseas expansion and sustained contacts with Africans and American Indians	Washington Irving President Franklin Roosevelt	Support or refute the following statement: Christopher Columbus was a hero.
dramatically altered European views of social, political, and economic relationships	Revisionists	List 3 pieces of evidence to support your answer.
among and between white and nonwhite peoples.	Arthur Schlesinger	b.
	Fact and fiction	C. List 3 pieces of evidence that support the alternate view.
		a.
		b.
		c.

10. Explain the HIPP of the image below.

Image Source: Public Domain, Library of Congress, First landing of Columbus on the shores of the New World, at San Salvador, W.I., Oct. 12th 1492, Dióscoro Teófilo Puebla Tolín

HIPP+:

Historical Context:

Intended Audience:

Author's ${f P}$ urpose:

Author's **P**oint of View:

+Other Context (similar in kind, from a different time...give an example of similar theme in a different place/time period):

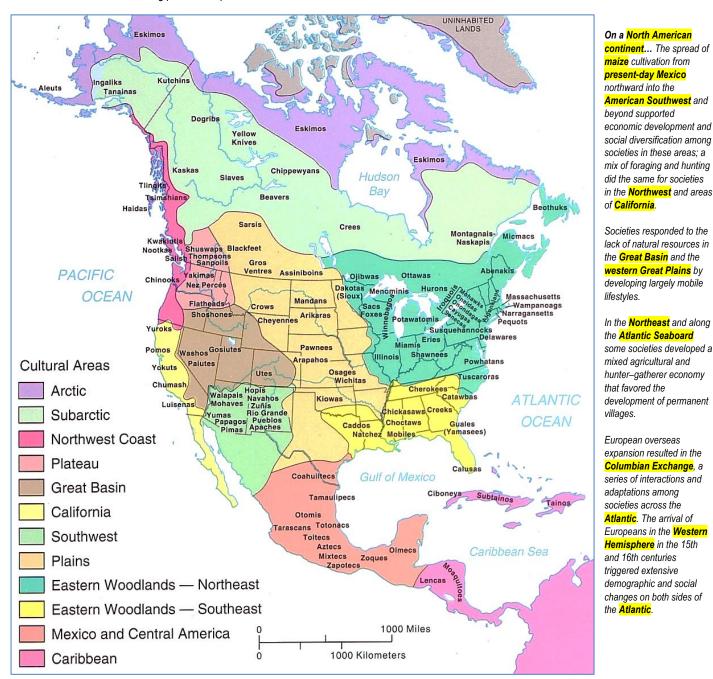


Section 3 MAP

The College Board framework for the course includes specific places and locations significant to the development of North America and the United states. This section provides you with the opportunity to locate and review these items.

Directions:

- 1. Read the framework excerpts located to the right of the map, and ensure you understand & know where/what is referenced.
- 2. Circle or highlight the following groups: Pueblo, Chinooks, Iroquois, Algonquian, Wamponoags, Pequot, Powhatan
- 3. Label/Trace the starting point and expansion of maize cultivation.



Source: North American Continent; Western Hemisphere Indian Culture Map, http://lochgarry.wordpress.com/2011/11/27/ancient-winds-and-memories-of-a-time-long-ago/