

# Lesson 26-1: The Decline of the Qing Dynasty

Name \_\_\_\_\_

## ✓ CHECKING FOR UNDERSTANDING

<p><b>1. Analyzing Information</b> Why do you think the Qing dynasty wanted to limit contact with foreign nations?</p>	
<p><b>2. Drawing Conclusions</b> Why did Guang Xu's reforms fail to achieve the modernization of the government and military?</p>	
<p><b>3. Drawing Conclusions</b> Did the Boxer Rebellion do anything to reduce the foreign presence in China? Explain your answer.</p>	

## LESSON 1 REVIEW

<p><b>1. Identifying Cause and Effect</b> Describe the Open Door policy and its effect on the existing spheres of influence in China.</p>	
<p><b>2. Comparing and Contrasting</b> How were the Tai Ping and Boxer Rebellions different? How were they similar?</p>	Differences
	Similarities
<p><b>3. Identifying</b> What factors influenced the decline of the Qing Empire?</p>	
<p><b>4. Theorizing</b> Why were spheres of influence established in China?</p>	
<p><b>5. Synthesizing</b> What were the responses to imperialism in China?</p>	
<p><b>6. Informative/Explanatory</b> Describe the major events in China related to imperialism during the nineteenth and early twentieth centuries.</p>	

## VOCABULARY

Be able to identify or explain the significance of all of the following:

extraterritoriality      Self-strengthening      sphere of influence      Open Door Policy      indemnity  
 Opium War      Tai Ping Rebellion      Boxer Rebellion

# Lesson 26-2: Revolution in China

## ✓ CHECKING FOR UNDERSTANDING

<p><b>1. Explaining</b> Why did rebellions occur in China after Yuan Shigai became president of the new republic in 1911?</p>	
<p><b>2. Identifying</b> How did education reforms during the late Qing dynasty contribute to intellectual and cultural innovations following the revolution?</p>	

## LESSON 2 REVIEW

<p><b>1. Making Generalizations</b> Define the term <i>commodities</i> and discuss the impact of domestic and international trade on China in the late nineteenth and early twentieth century.</p>	
<p><b>2. Comparing and Contrasting</b> Use your notes to write a paragraph comparing the reforms undertaken by Ci Xi toward the end of her reign with those proposed by Sun Yat-sen.</p>	reforms undertaken by Ci Xi
	reforms proposed by Sun Yat-sen.
<p><b>3. Identifying Cause and Effect</b> What led to the fall of the Qing dynasty?</p>	
<p><b>4. Making Connections</b> How did Western influences change Chinese society and culture?</p>	
<p><b>5. Informative/Explanatory</b></p>	In what ways did Sun Yat-sen and the intellectuals and writers who succeeded him embrace Western ideas?
	How did they adapt these ideas to the Chinese context?

## VOCABULARY

Be able to identify or explain the significance of all of the following:

provincial

commodities

Guomindang

## Lesson 26-3: The Rise of Modern Japan

### ✓ CHECKING FOR UNDERSTANDING

<p><b>1. Applying</b> What led to the collapse of the shogunate system in Japan?</p>	
<p><b>2. Examining</b> How did Meiji reforms reflect a mix of Western and traditional values?</p>	
<p><b>3. Identifying</b> How did Japan benefit from its imperialist strategy?</p>	
<p><b>4. Drawing Conclusions</b> What inspired Japanese artists to return to traditional forms?</p>	

### LESSON 3 REVIEW

<p><b>1. Explaining</b> Explain how the prefecture system affected the daimyo.</p>	
<p><b>2. Identifying</b> Use the information from your notes to help explain the results of the Meiji Restoration.</p>	
<p><b>3. Drawing Conclusions</b> How did Japan respond to foreign pressure to end its isolationist policies?</p>	
<p><b>4. Analyzing</b> How did the Meiji Restoration change Japan?</p>	
<p><b>5. Identifying Cause and Effect</b> Why did Japan turn itself into an imperialist power??</p>	
<p><b>6. Making Connections</b> How did contact between Japan and the West influence culture?</p>	

### VOCABULARY

Be able to identify or explain the significance of all of the following:

concessions

prefecture

Matthew Perry

Treaty of Kanagawa

Mutsohito

Meiji Restoration

subsidies

Russo-Japanese War